

Grade- VII

Name of the Student: \_\_\_\_\_ Grade/Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Branch \_\_\_\_\_

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

**I-Answer the following questions briefly.**

- (a) What are the major landforms?
- (b) What is the difference between a mountain and a plateau?
- (c) What are the different types of mountains?
- (d) How are mountains useful to man?
- (e) How are plains formed?
- (f) Why are the river plains thickly populated?
- (g) Why are mountains thinly populated?

**II- Tick the correct options**

- (a) The mountains differ from the hills in terms of
  - (i) elevation    (ii) slope    (iii) aspect
- (b) Glaciers are found in
  - (i) the mountains    (ii) the plains    (iii) the plateaus
- (c) The Deccan Plateau is located in
  - (i) Kenya    (ii) Australia    (iii) India
- (d) The river Yangtze flows in
  - (i) South America    (ii) Australia    (iii) China
- (e) An important mountain range of Europe is
  - (i) the Andes    (ii) the Alps    (iii) the Rockies

**III - Fill in the blanks.**

- (a) A \_\_\_\_\_ is an unbroken flat or a low-level land.
- (b) The Himalayas and the Alps are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ types of mountains.
- (c) \_\_\_\_\_ areas are rich in mineral deposits.
- (d) The \_\_\_\_\_ is a line of mountains.
- (e) The \_\_\_\_\_ areas are most productive for farming.